

# 7 Ss Gebirgs Division Prinz Eugen Im Bild

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*The East Came West* - Antonio J. Muñoz 2001  
A study of East European and Middle Eastern  
Collaboration with Nazi Germany in World War  
II. Hundreds of color, b&w photos, diagrams,  
tables, charts, line drawings, etc.

**7. SS-Gebirgs-Division "Prinz Eugen" im  
Bild** - Otto Kumm 1983

**The Axis Forces 13** - Massimiliano Afiero  
2020-02-20

In this issue we start with an article dedicated to  
the use of the SS Prinz Eugen division during the  
'Schwarz' operation, conducted on the Balkan  
front in May 1943. This is followed by the  
biography of Philipp Theiss, extracted from the

new book by our Peter Mooney. We continue with the first part of the article dedicated to the recruitment of the Cossacks into the German armed forces and with the second part of the monumental work dedicated to the Krüger brothers by our Mike Miller. Finally, we close with an equally voluminous work on foreign nurses who served in the German Red Cross, a topic little treated by official historiography. The Tragedy of Bleiburg and Viktring, 1945 - Florian Rulitz 2016-03-07

The atrocities and mass murders committed by Josip Broz Tito's Partisan units of the Yugoslav Army immediately after the Second World War had no place in the conscience of Socialist Yugoslavia. More than once, the annual Croatian commemoration of the Bleiburg victims was subject to attacks carried out by the socialist Yugoslav state. Abroad in the West, on Austrian soil, the Yugoslav secret service (UDBA) did not shy away from murdering the protagonist of the Croatian memory culture, Nicola Martinovic, as

late as 1975. The official history was aligned with a firm interpretational paradigm that called for a glorification of the anti-fascist "people's liberation resistance." With the breakup of Yugoslavia and its socialist regime in 1991, the identity-establishing accounts of contemporary witnesses, which had mainly been cherished in exile circles abroad, increasingly reached public awareness in Croatia and Slovenia. In the 1990s Croatia witnessed the emergence of a memory that had been suppressed by the socialist-Yugoslav regime—namely the Bleiburg tragedy. The situation in Slovenia was similar in terms of identity and remembrance culture. Among the Slovenes, the communist crimes committed during the turmoil are known as the drama of Viktring or the Viktring tragedy, named after the largest refugee camp of the Slovenes. Reports on the communist postwar crimes and on the countless discoveries of mass gravesites have also begun circulating in the media of the German-speaking world in the last few years.

Florian Rulitz's meticulously researched book, now available for the first time in English, provides a corrective to the historical memory that had been previously accepted as truth. Rulitz focuses on two essential questions. First, did the so-called "final encirclement battles" indeed occur in Carinthia in the Ferlach/Hollenburg/Viktring and Dravograd/Poljana/Bleiburg areas, resulting in military victories for the Yugoslav Army? Second, were the battles after the capitulation fought by the refugees with the aim of reaching the British-controlled areas in Carinthia? To answer these questions, Rulitz presents a detailed reconstruction of those days in May 1945. He furthermore considers the question of the murders on Austrian territory, which were hushed up in Partisan literature and presented as casualties of the final military operations. This groundbreaking study will interest scholars and students of modern European history.

**Im Schatten des Weltkriegs** - Alexander Korb

2013-05-29

Im Schatten des Zweiten Weltkriegs versuchte die kroatische Ustasa-Bewegung, gewaltsam einen ethnisch homogenen Nationalstaat zu schaffen. Die Zerschlagung Jugoslawiens durch die Wehrmacht versetzte die Ustasa in die Lage, ein Terrorregime zu etablieren, das sich vornehmlich gegen Serben, Juden und Roma richtete. Damit entfesselte die Ustasa einen Bürgerkrieg, dem etwa 500 000 Menschen zum Opfer fielen. Korb fragt nach den Motiven, Interessen und Handlungsspielräumen der Ustasa, nach dem Verlauf des Gewalteinsetzes und nach dem Zusammenspiel von Bürgerkriegsdynamiken und Brutalisierung. Dabei beschreibt er eine komplexe Spirale der Gewalt, an der kroatische, serbische, deutsche und italienische Akteure beteiligt waren. Seine Studie erschließt auf eindruckliche Weise die Vielschichtigkeit des Geschehens und gibt damit der Holocaust- wie Gewaltforschung entscheidende neue Anstöße.

The 7th Waffen-SS Volunteer Gebirgs (Mountain) Division Prinz Eugen - Massimiliano Afiero 2017-01-28

This is the complete history of one of the most famous and well-known divisions of the Waffen-SS. Created as a mountain unit to be employed exclusively on the Balkan Front against partisan units, the unit fought with valor and fierceness on the battlefield. After numerous anti-guerrilla operations in Bosnia, Croatia, Montenegro, and Serbia, towards the end of the war it was employed against units of the Bulgarian Army and Red Army forces in the difficult mission of covering the withdrawal of German forces retreating from Greece and Albania. It was one of the few Waffen-SS formations to be used in offensive actions during the final phases of the war, all of which were carried out successfully. Accused of having committed numerous crimes against civilians, its members met with a tragic fate, especially those who ended up in the hands of communist partisans.

**Trials of War Criminals Before the Nuremberg Military Tribunals Under Control Council Law No. 10, Nuernberg, October 1946-April 1949** - International Military Tribunal 1952

**Ethnic Germans and National Socialism in Yugoslavia in World War II** - Mirna Zakić 2017-03-21

This is an in-depth study of the ethnic German minority in the Serbian Banat (Southeast Europe) and its experiences under German occupation in World War II. Mirna Zakić argues that the Banat Germans exercised great agency within the constraints imposed on them by Nazi ideology, with its expectations that ethnic Germans would collaborate with the invading Nazis. The book examines the incentives that the Nazis offered to collaboration and social dynamics within the Banat German community - between their Nazified leadership and the rank and file - as well as the various and ever-more

damning forms collaboration took. The Banat Germans provided administrative and economic aid to the Nazi war effort, and took part in Nazi military operations in Yugoslav lands, the Holocaust and Aryanization. They ruled the Banat on the Nazis' behalf between 1941 and 1944, yet their wartime choices led ultimately to their disenfranchisement and persecution following the Nazis' defeat.

*Europäische Freiwillige im Bild* - Heinz Ertel  
2000

## **7. SS-Gebirgs-Division "Prinz Eugen" im Bild** - Otto Kumm 2019

*Österreichs Skisport im Nationalsozialismus* -  
Andreas Praher 2021-11-08

Die Geschichte des nationalsozialistischen Skilaufs in Österreich beginnt nicht erst mit dem „Anschluss“ im März 1938. Schon davor kann eine Hinwendung großer Teile des organisierten Skisports zum Nationalsozialismus

nachgezeichnet werden. Eine zunehmende Ideologisierung des Sports führte zu einer Ausgrenzungspolitik im ÖSV, die in der Radikalität der NS-Diktatur seine Entsprechung fand. Die vorliegende Forschungsarbeit beleuchtet Machtstrukturen und Handlungsspielräume des österreichischen Skisports vor und während der NS-Diktatur und geht der Frage nach, inwieweit dieser zum Träger des nationalsozialistischen Unrechts-Systems werden konnte. Im Fokus stehen besonders die handelnden AkteurInnen, ihre individuellen Handlungs-, Beteiligungs- und Deutungsmuster. Dabei erzählt die Publikation sowohl die Geschichte der TäterInnen als auch der Opfer, der Ausgegrenzten und Verfolgten und befasst sich ebenso mit dem österreichischen Skisport in der unmittelbaren Nachkriegszeit bis 1955 und wie dieser ungeachtet der NS-Verbrechen zu einer nationalen Sportart und seine Aktiven zu „HeldInnen“ stilisiert werden konnte.

*Children of the Danube* - Henry A. Fischer 2004  
Numerous histories and studies of the Great Swabian Migration of the 18th century have been written and published, and the tragic fate of many of their descendants in our own time has also been chronicled. Most of these are available in languages other than English. Much of that research forms the backdrop of "Children of the Danube," which is the author's attempt at telling the stories behind the history. Personal stories that weave the tapestry of the lives of his extended family with those of the other families and individuals who joined them after venturing down the majestic, sometimes turbulent, Danube River, taking them on a quest that is common to all people: the search for the Promised Land. That is what they sought in the devastated Kingdom of Hungary, recently liberated after an oppressive one hundred and fifty year occupation by the Turks. Leaving the Danube River behind them, they would be confronted by a wilderness, disease-ridden swamps, dense

forests, isolation, primitive living conditions, marauders and brigands. They would find themselves at the mercy of greedy landowners and rapacious nobles, and would have to endure the final onslaught of the Counter Reformation in their pursuit of religious freedom. This is what awaited them, in responding to the invitation of the Hapsburg Emperor Charles VI. It was hardly what the handbills circulating throughout south western Germany had promised. How they would respond, who they would become as a result of it, and what sustained and formed them into the "Children of the Danube," as a distinctive and unique people among the Danube Swabians will unfold, in the telling of their tragic and yet heroic story.

Ein General im Zwielight - Edmund Glaise von Horstenau 1988

\*\*\*Angaben zur beteiligten Person Broucek:

Peter Broucek, geb. 1938.

The Waffen-SS - Jochen Böehler 2017

From 1941, faced with a shortage of men, the

Waffen-SS admitted or recruited by force hundreds of thousands of non-Germans to their ranks. This volume, from a team of international contributors, shows who these foreign recruits were, where they came from, what their wartime experiences were, and what happened to them after 1945.

**Soldiers of Destruction** - Charles Sydnor  
2020-06-16

Charles Sydnor relates the political and military experience of the SS Totenkopfdivision to the institutional development of the SS and the ideological objectives of Nazi Germany.

**The 23rd Waffen Ss Volunteer Panzer Grenadier Division Nederland** - Massimiliano Afiero  
2016-06-28

This book is a detailed history of the 23rd Waffen-SS Division *âNederland*, the Dutch volunteer SS combat formation. Employed exclusively on the Eastern Front, except for a brief period in Croatia, the *âNederland* formations participated in many of the most

difficult defensive battles on the northeastern front: Leningrad, the Narva bridgehead, the Tannenberg line, Dorpat in Kurland, Pomerania, and the Oder front, until the desperate battle of the Halbe Pocket where the remnants of the division managed to avoid total annihilation, escaping the Soviets and surrendering to American forces. In all of these battles the *âNederland* volunteers showed their valor as true Waffen-SS combatants, always in the front lines and always under constant enemy pressure. This complete treatment fills a large gap in Waffen-SS history. Informative appendices not only relate to the unit's operational history, but also provide details on some of its members, as well as uniforms and insignia.

**Die Massaker der Wehrmacht** -  
zusammengestellt aus Wikipediaseiten und  
publiziert von DrGoogelberg

**Die deutschen Volksgruppen im**

## **unabhängigen Staat Kroatien und im serbischen Banat** - Johann Böhm 2012

Das Buch wurde auf einer breiten Basis von bislang kaum einschlägig ausgewertetem offiziellem Quellenmaterial, zeitgeschichtlichen Dokumentationen und Einzeldarstellungen, von Tageszeitungen, Zeitschriften und Kalendern, von Privatarchiven und Zeitzeugenaussagen erstellt. Es informiert über die politische, kulturelle und wirtschaftliche Lage der Deutschen im Unabhängigen Staat Kroatien und im serbischen Banat von 1941 bis Ende 1944. Die Untersuchung konzentriert sich auf die innere Organisation der beiden deutschen Volksgruppen und ihrer NS-Volksgruppenführungen, auf ihr Eindringen und ihre Einbindung in weitere gesellschaftliche Systeme sowie auf den Personenkreis, der die strategische NS-Führung der Volksgruppe in Kroatien und im Banat innehatte. Betrachtet werden weiterhin die radikale Militarisierung der deutschen Bevölkerung in Kroatien und im

serbischen Banat und ihre Ausrichtung auf die Grundwerte des Soldatentums. Thematisiert werden das Ustascha (Ustasa)-Regime in Kroatien, der Zugriff der Waffen-SS auf deutsche wehrfähige Männer in Kroatien und im serbischen Banat sowie die Aufstellung und der Einsatz der 7. SS-Freiwilligen-Gebirgs-Division - Prinz Eugen- und ihre Beteiligung an der brutalen Bekämpfung jugoslawischer Partisanen."

**Ordnung und Inferno** - Stefan Hördler  
2015-10-05

Ausgezeichnet mit dem Tiburtius Preis - Preis der Berliner Hochschulen (2013) Eine grundlegende Neubewertung der letzten Phase der nationalsozialistischen Konzentrationslager. Stefan Hördler stellt den aktuellen Forschungsstand, die Schlussphase der nationalsozialistischen Konzentrationslager sei durch Desorganisation, Chaos und Willkür geprägt gewesen, in Frage: Er zeigt, dass ab März 1944 eine umfassende Neuordnung des



KZ-Systems einsetzte, und dass das letzte Kriegsjahr eine eigenständige Phase in der Genese der Lager darstellte. Ab 1944 verfolgte das NS-Regime zwei Ziele: erstens eine forcierte Ökonomisierung und zweitens eine Stabilisierung des Lagersystems. Zur Analyse beider Dimensionen führt der Autor den Begriff der Rationalisierung ein, unter dem sowohl die Massenmorde als auch eine utilitaristisch ausgerichtete »Auslese" der arbeitsfähigen Häftlinge als Teile dieser Entwicklung zusammengefasst werden können.

**Konflik Bersejarah : Vorwärts Jager!** - Nino Oktorino 2015-06-22

""Kami juga berada di puncak yang curam ini Berjuang menghadapi cuaca, es, ya es, dan salju! Kami berjaga demi tanah Jerman. Dan melindunginya dari tangan musuh."" Marsch des Gebirgsjager Dilatih, berseragam, dan diperlengkapi secara khusus, mereka bertempur dengan garang dari Lingkaran Arktik hingga Laut Adriatik, dari hutan tundra bersalju di

dekat Kutub Utara sampai pegunungan tandus nan gersang di Balkan. Sebuah pasukan multinasional yang tangguh, mereka meninggalkan jejak-jejak kepahlawanan dan kebengisan dalam sejarah kelam Jerman Nazi. Inilah kisah divisi-divisi gunung Waffen-SS ..." For the Homeland - Rudolf Pencz 2009-12  
Groundbreaking history of a rarely covered German unit Numerous eyewitness reports from members of the division Detailed maps to illustrate the division's actions Composed of ethnic Germans living in Hungary, the 31st Waffen-SS Volunteer Grenadier Division fought against the Red Army in Hungary starting in late 1944. Early the next year, it was sent to Silesia for the final battle southeast of Berlin, where it surrendered in May.

**German Antiguerrilla Operations in the Balkans (1941-1944).** - Robert M. Kennedy 1989

**Trials of War Criminals Before the**

**Nuernberg Military Tribunals Under Control Council Law No. 10, Nuremberg, October 1946-April, 1949: Case 11: U.S. v. von Weizsaecker (Ministries case)** - Germany (Territory under Allied occupation, 1945-1955 : U.S. Zone) Military Tribunals 1949

Soldiers of the Waffen-SS - Marc Rikmenspoel 1999

Photos and documents.

**Ethnic Germans and National Socialism in Yugoslavia in World War II** - Mirna Zakić 2017-03-21

A study of the German minority in the Serbian Banat during World War II, its self-perception and its collaboration with the Nazis.

**Verdammt im Land der Partisanen** - Johann Enderle 2020-01-07

Verdammt im Land der Partisanen Abseits des Weltgeschehens, zum Ende des 2. Weltkriegs, spielen sich in Jugoslawien, in den von Partisanen bewachten Lagerdörfern,

schreckliche Szenen ab. Der 12 jährige Junge Joschi, kämpft im Lager Jarek ums Überleben. Getrennt von Vater und Mutter schläft er mal im Pferdestall, mal bei seiner Großmutter in einem mit Menschen überfüllten Gebäude. Bewacht von Partisanen, der Willkür der Lagerführung ausgesetzt, versucht er mit List und Anpassungsfähigkeit sich durchzusetzen. Als ihm Maria begegnet, verliebt er sich in das junge Mädchen und folgt ihr überall hin, lässt sie nicht mehr aus den Augen. Das ist die Geschichte eines Jungen, der in der Nachkriegszeit der Tito Herrschaft in Jugoslawien, in Lagern erwachsen wird und versucht sein Leben auf die Reihe zu bringen.

Eine endliche Geschichte - Jutta Faehndrich 2011

\*\*\*Angaben zur beteiligten Person Faehndrich: Studium der Amerikanistik, Germanistik und Kulturwissenschaften mit Schwerpunkt Kulturgeschichte und Philosophie an der Universität Leipzig. Mitarbeit an der

Herausgabe der nachgelassenen Schriften Ernst Cassirers zur philosophischen Anthropologie.

Dissertation an der Universität Erfurt,  
Fachbereich Osteuropäische Geschichte.

**The Waffen-SS (2)** - Gordon Williamson  
2012-03-20

The military branch of the Nazi SS security organisation grew by the end of World War II from a handful of poorly regarded infantry battalions in 1939, into a force of more than 30 divisions including units of every type. Their battlefield reputation varied widely, from the premier armoured divisions which formed Germany's utterly reliable spearheads on both main fronts, to low quality 'anti-partisan' units. The divisions covered in this second of four titles include the first mountain and cavalry units, and two of the remarkable new Panzer divisions raised in the great 1943 expansion. Illustrated with rare photographs from private collections, the text details their organisation, uniforms and insignia, and summarises their battle record.

## **The 6th Waffen-SS Gebirgs (Mountain)**

**Division Nord** - Massimiliano Afiero 2017

This book is the complete history of the 6th SS Gebirgs (Mountain) Division "Nord" in WWII. Formed in 1941, "Nord" was employed along the Finnish-Lapland front against battle-tested Soviet forces from 1941-44. Following the signing of the armistice between Finland and the Soviet Union in the summer of 1944, the division was moved to the western front. "Nord" units took part in Operation "Nordwind," the final German offensive on the western front in late December 1944, where they fought against American units for the first time. Tough defensive fighting along the Moselle and Rhine fronts followed up to the armistice in May 1945. The units of the division fought to the last, always with courage and valor, distinguishing itself as one of the best German units employed on the western front. Detailed operational history, rare combat images, maps, and personality profiles make this book the definitive

history of "Nord."

### **Bibliography of Sources on the Region of**

**Former Yugoslavia** - Rusko Matulić 1998

In this second volume, Rusko Matulic continues to formulate a comprehensive bibliography of primarily published sources relating to the history, languages, literature, politics, government, religion, and social sciences of former Yugoslavia, including bibliographical materials on expatriates.

### **7th SS Mountain Division Prinz Eugen At War, 1941-1945** - Ian Baxter 2019-01-30

Drawing on a superb collection of rare and unpublished photographs the The 7th SS Volunteer Mountain Division Prinz Eugen 1941 - 1945 is the 7th book in the Waffen-SS Images of War Series written by Ian Baxter. The book tells the story of the 7th SS Mountain Division was formed in 1941 from the Volksdeutsche (ethnic German) volunteers and conscripts from the Banat, Independent State of Croatia, Hungary and Romania. It fought a brutal counter

insurgency campaign against communist-led Yugoslav Partisan resistance forces in the occupied Serbia and Montenegro. It was given the title Prinz Eugen after Prince Eugene of Savoy, an outstanding military leader of the Habsburg Empire who liberated the Banat and Belgrade from the Ottoman Empire in the Austro-Turkish War. It was initially named the SS-Freiwilligen-Division Prinz Eugen (SS-Volunteer Division Prinz Eugen).

*Rekrutierungen für die Waffen-SS in Südosteuropa* - Franziska Anna Zaugg  
2021-10-25

Welche Vorteile erhoffen sich Menschen, wenn sie mit Okkupationsregimes zusammenarbeiten? Welche Nachteile drohen ihnen, wenn sie es nicht tun? Diese Fragen lassen sich wie ein Prisma auf die Rekrutierungen für die Waffen-SS während des Zweiten Weltkrieges in Südosteuropa anwenden und auffächern. Die vorliegende Studie erklärt Absichten, Strategien und Handlungsspielräume der

Besatzungsmächte, nationaler und lokaler Eliten sowie Motivation und Handlungszwänge einzelner Individuen vor dem jeweiligen lokalen Hintergrund. Im Fokus stehen dabei die drei südosteuropäischen Waffen-SS-Divisionen "Handschar", "Skanderbeg" und "Kama" und die aus ethnischen Deutschen rekrutierte Division "Prinz Eugen". Die Rekrutierungen für diese vier Divisionen umfassten sechs Staaten und weitere Grenzgebiete. In ihnen dienten Angehörige aus bis zu fünfzehn Nationen. Diese multikulturelle Zusammensetzung hatte Auswirkungen auf Rekrutierung und Alltag, aber auch auf Operationen und die Austragung interethnischer Konflikte.

**(Dia)Logbuch Sachsen** - Kulturbüro Sachsen e.V. 2013-01-30

Die interdisziplinären Projekte des Kulturbüro Sachsen e.V. erarbeiten Methoden und Inhalte, die bürgerschaftliches Engagement und konkretes Handlungswissen gegen Rechtsextremismus stärken und so

demokratische Alltagskultur in sächsischen Kommunen und Landkreisen verankern. In den letzten zehn Jahren konnten in unterschiedlichen Bereichen der zivilgesellschaftlichen Arbeit Erfahrungen gesammelt werden. Die konkrete Darstellung der dabei gewonnenen Erkenntnisse eröffnet eine Best-Practice der Arbeit für eine demokratische Kultur in Ostdeutschland.

Die volksdeutsche SS-Division "Prinz Eugen" - Thomas Casagrande 2003

**Persönlicher Stab Reichsführer-SS** - Josef Henke 1997

**German Ground Forces of World War II** - William T. McCroden 2019-05-09

German Ground Forces of World War II offers the first comprehensive order of battle for German ground troops throughout the Second World War, from the invasion of Poland on September 1, 1939, to the destruction of the last remnants of Germany's Wehrmacht and Waffen

SS in Berlin in 1945. Unlike similar works, these orders of battle are dynamic, and so account for the continuously changing character of Germany's ground forces at war. This massive new reference work by McCroden and Nutter, broken up in sections including Theater Commands, Army Groups, Armies, and Corps Commands, presents a detailed analysis of each corresponding order of battle for every German field formation above division. Additional new ground is broken by also describing the orders of battle of the myriad German and Axis satellite formations assigned to security commands throughout occupied Europe and the combat zones, as well as those attached to fortress commands and to the commanders of German occupation forces in Eastern and Western Europe. An accompanying narrative describes the career of each field formation and includes the background and experience of many of their most famous commanding officers. For the first time, readers can follow the career of every

German division, corps, army, and army group as the German armed forces shifted units to and from theaters of war, from the period of triumphant successes to the years of grinding defensive warfare and eventual defeat.

**Hitler's Foreign Executioners** - Christopher Hale 2011-04-11

Reveals for the first time Heinrich Himmler's master plan for Europe: an SS empire that would have no place for either the Nazi Party or Adolf Hitler. His astonishingly ambitious plan depended on the recruitment of tens of thousands of 'Germanic' peoples to build an 'SS Europa'. Himmler fervently believed that over many centuries, 'Germanic' blood had been 'seeded' in every corner of Europe and even parts of Asia. This book, researched in archives all over Europe and using first-hand testimony, exposes Europe's dirty secret: that nearly half a million Europeans and more than a million Soviet citizens enlisted in the armed forces of the Third Reich - to fight a crusade against

'Jewish-Bolshevism'. No other historian has examined the connections between these SS 'foreign legions' (both police and Waffen-SS) and the Holocaust. Even today, some apologists claim that the foreign volunteers were merely soldiers 'like any other' and fought a decent war against Stalin's Red Army. Christopher Hale demonstrates conclusively that these surprisingly common views are mistaken. And as the Reich collapsed in 1944, Himmler's monstrous scheme would lead to bitter confrontations with Hitler - and the downfall of the man once known as 'loyal Heinrich'.

*Jerusalem - Berlin - Sarajevo* - Jochen Töpfer  
2019-02-27

Das Buch beschäftigt sich aus religionssoziologischer Perspektive mit dem Wirken Amin al-Husseinis während seiner Kooperation mit dem NS-Regime zwischen 1933 und 1945. Zunächst werden die ideologischen und politischen Vorbedingungen der Zusammenarbeit erörtert, anschließend Projekte

analysiert, welche von beiden Akteuren zusammen verwirklicht wurden, sowie sein Werdegang darin nachgezeichnet. Letztendlich findet eine Verortung Amin al-Husseinis innerhalb religionssoziologischer Theorien (zu Islam und Moderne sowie übergeordnet Religion und Politik) statt. Die Ergebnisse zeigen, dass Amin al-Husseini heute nicht leichtfertig als Beispiel eines religiösen Vertreters des Islam herangezogen werden sollte und er auch nicht jene ideologische Reichweite hatte, die ihm in einer Vielzahl aktueller Veröffentlichungen zugeschrieben wird. Daher plädiert das Buch aus einem religionssoziologischen Blickwinkel für mehr Sachlichkeit in Bezugnahme auf seine Person innerhalb derzeitiger Debatten um Islam und Demokratie/Politik.

*Prinz Eugen* - Bohumir Kudlicka 2014-05-01  
The 7th SS Volunteer Mountain Division Prinz Eugen was a German mountain infantry division of the Waffen-SS, the armed wing of the German Nazi Party that served alongside but was never

formally part of the Wehrmacht during World War II. Formed in 1941 from Volksdeutsche (ethnic German) volunteers and conscripts from the Banat, Independent State of Croatia (NDH), Hungary and Romania, it fought a counter-insurgency campaign against communist-led Yugoslav Partisan resistance forces in the Territory of the Military Commander in Serbia, NDH and Montenegro. It was given the title Prinz Eugen after Prince Eugene of Savoy, an outstanding military leader of the Habsburg Empire who liberated the Banat and Belgrade from the Ottoman Empire in the Austro-Turkish War of 1716-1718. It was initially named the SS-Freiwilligen-Division Prinz Eugen (SS-Volunteer Division Prinz Eugen). This lavishly illustrated book tells the story of this unit and its operations. Many previously unpublished photos are included, and maps of the operational areas. Essential reading for armor enthusiasts, WW2 military enthusiasts and modelers.  
German Mountain Troops 1942-45 - Yves Béraud

2021-05-26

"The author does a terrific job of outlining the many campaigns and areas where the German Mountain troops fought throughout the war, and the unique challenges that some of these areas brought." — AMPS When World War II began, the Wehrmacht had fifteen mountain divisions and a multitude of small units, including some Austrian units that had been incorporated into the German army after the Anschluss. These mountain units would operate in hostile environments on all fronts during World War II. Due to their training, equipment and adaptability, the Gebirgstruppen would be deployed to fight in almost every theater. In the last years of the war they would see action in North Africa, Italy, the Balkans, Norway and Finland, and in the West as the Allies pushed German forces back toward Berlin. This book, the culmination of four decades of research and the support of many veterans and collectors, describes the uniform, equipment, and



operations of these specialist units during the later years of World War II. The text is

complemented by period photographs taken at the front, including many color photographs, and modern photographs of uniform details.